

# Are We Confident in the Reliability of Information?

## A Generic Theory of Authentication to Support IS Practice and Research

**Roger Clarke**

Xamax Consultancy Pty Ltd, Canberra

Visiting Professor in the School of Computing, ANU  
and in the Allens Hub for Technology, Law and Innovation, UNSW Law

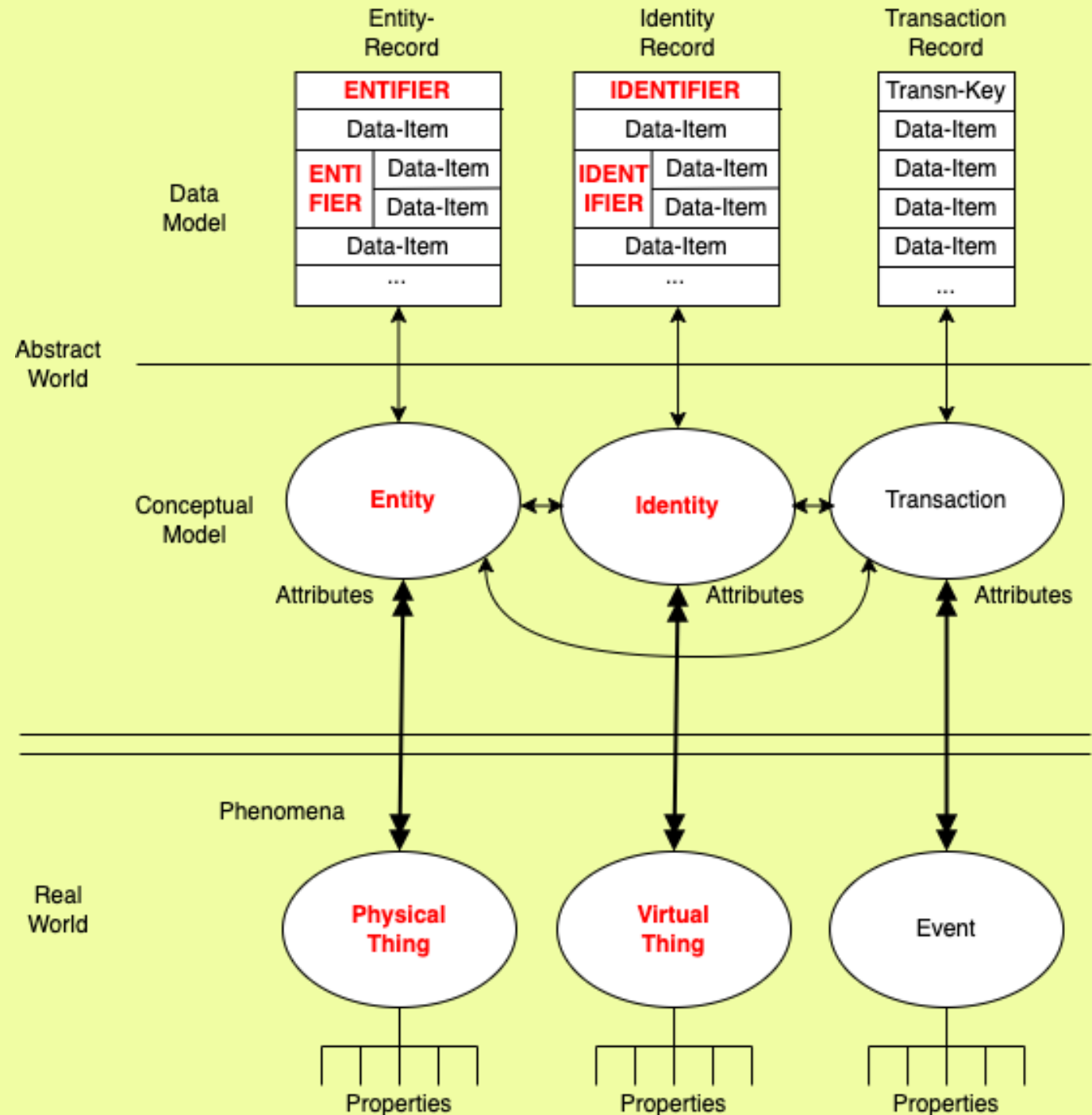
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<http://rogerclarke.com/ID/PGTA> {.html, .pdf}

# Key Differences about the Pragmatic Metatheoretic Model

Clarke (2021)  
at ACIS #32

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# Physical Things **and** Virtual Things

- **Inanimate Objects** (Inventory-Items, Equipment)
  - Containers ⊃ Pallet-Loads ⊃ Boxes ⊃ Cartons
- **Active Objects**
  - Mobile-Phone / Handy / Cellulare ⊃ **SIM-Cards**
  - Computer ⊃ **Processes**
  - Car ⊃ **Convoy-Lead, Get-Away Car, Speed-Check, ...**
- **Organisations** (Companies, Associations, Govt Agencies, ...)
- **Humans and The Roles Humans Play**

Seller, buyer, supplier, receiver, debtor, creditor, payer, payee, principal, agent, franchisor, franchisee, lessor, lessee, copyright licensor, copyright licensee, employer, employee, contractor, contractee, trustee, beneficiary, tax-assessor, tax-assessee, business licensor, business licensee, plaintiff, respondent, investigator, investigatee, defendant, ...

# Authentication

OED 1, 3a, 3b, 4a, 4b, 5, 6

to { validate, approve, prove, confirm,  
establish as genuine / authentic, verify } ...

... { something/anything, a statement, an account, truth,  
existence, a reputed fact, a document, an artefact,  
an artwork, a user identity, a process identity }

# Foundations of Authentication Theory

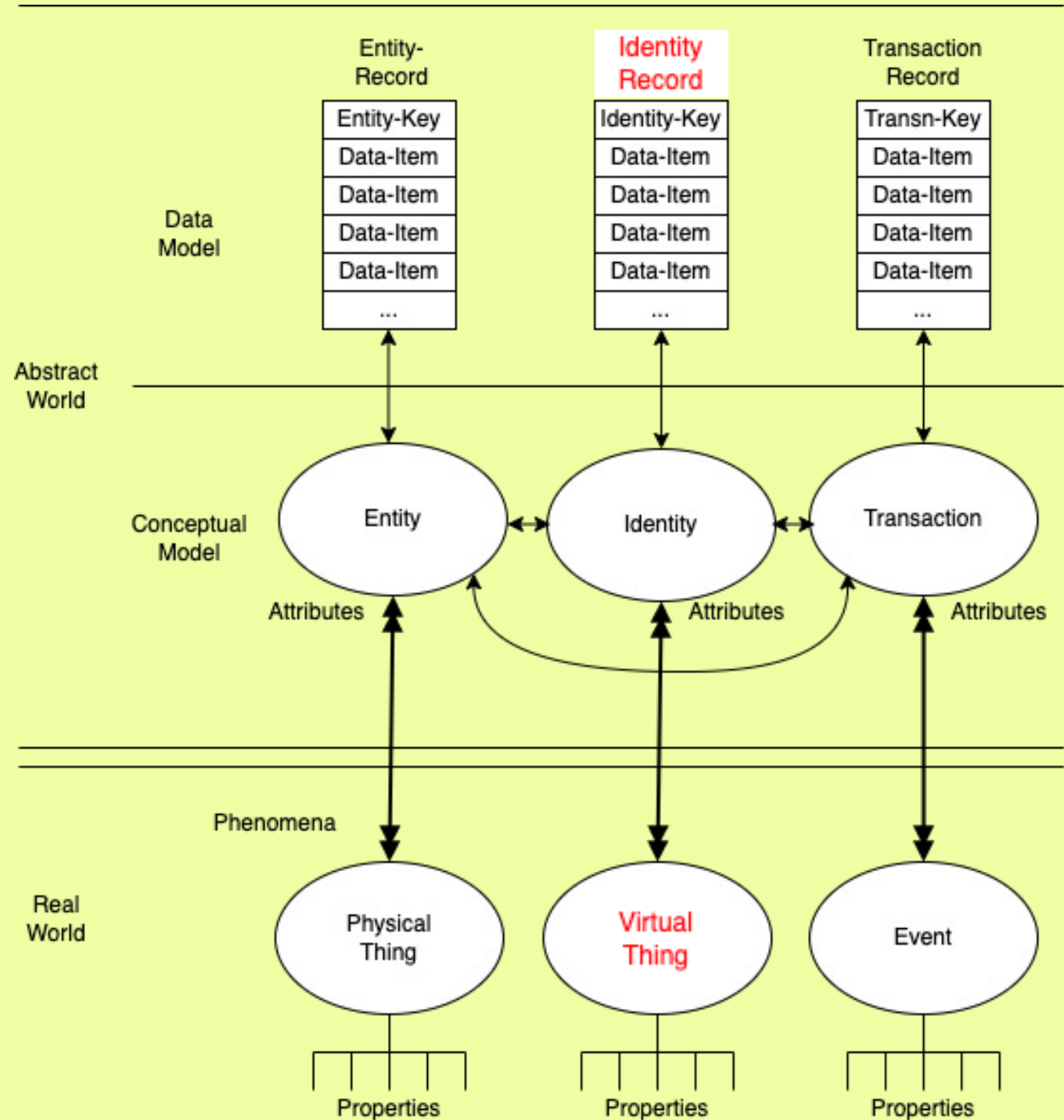
- *An Assertion is an expression of knowledge about one or more elements of the pragmatic metatheoretic model*
- May be made by a party, implied by context, inferred by a party, or postulated by a party. Assertions may be about:
  - Particular Phenomena in the Real World;
  - Particular elements of an Abstract World; or
  - Relationships between Real- and Abstract-World elements
- *'The number of Things in a particular storage-bin is correctly recorded in a particular Data-Item-Value'*
- *Authentication is a process that establishes an appropriate degree of confidence in the reliability of an Assertion*  
*'A physical stock-count of Things in a particular storage-bin identified a mis-match against the relevant Data-Item-Value'*

# Categories of Assertion

- (1) (Id)Entity
- (2) (Id)Entity Match
- (3) Property (Simple)
- (4) Property (Complex)
- (5) Principal-Agent
- (6) Monetary Asset-Value
- (7) Non-Monetary Asset-Value
- (8) Content Integrity

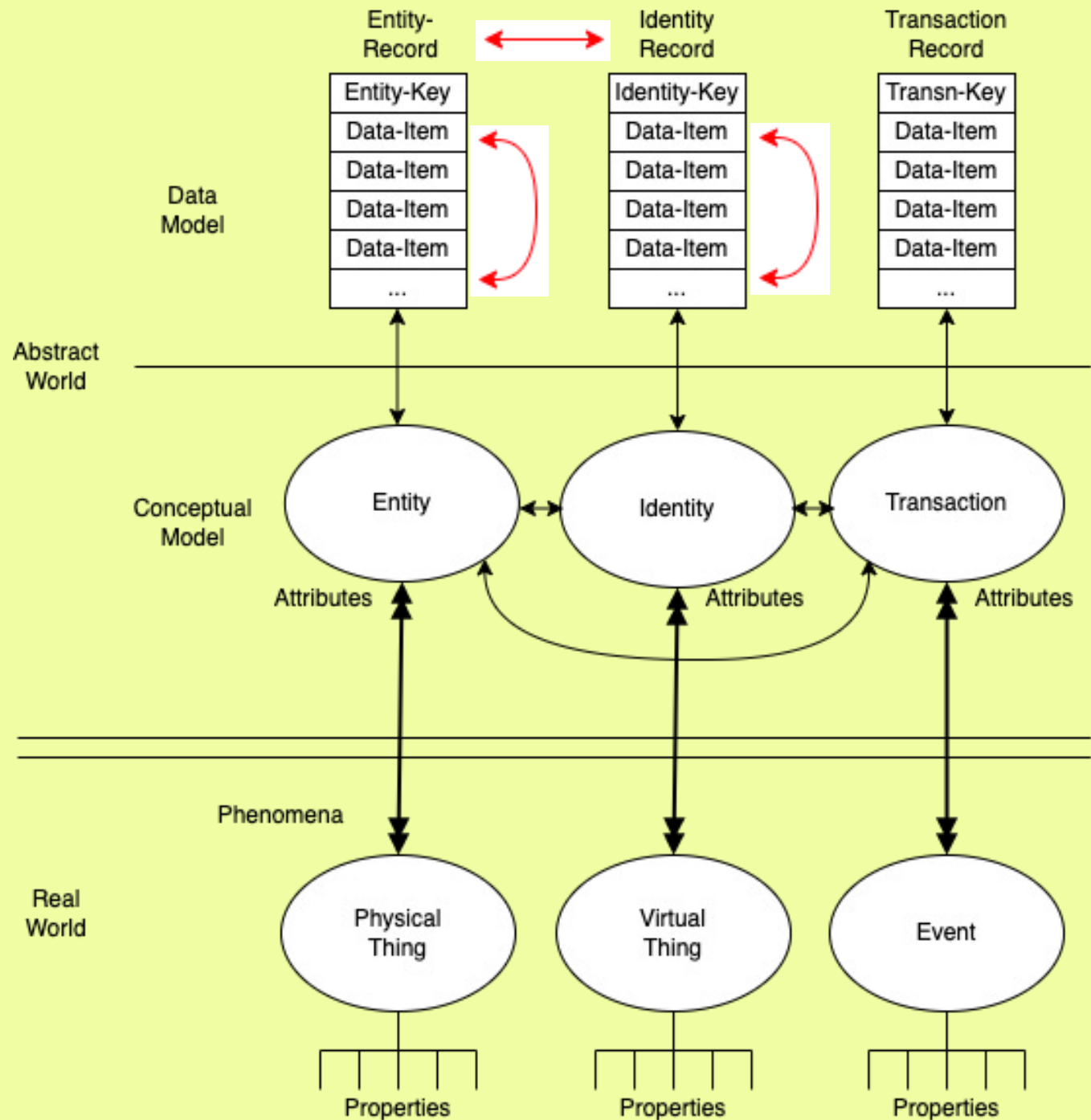
**(1) (Id)Entity  
Assertion**

*A particular **Thing**  
is appropriately  
associated with  
one or more  
(Id)Entity-Records*



## (2) (Id)Entity Match Assertion

*Two different (Id)Entity-Records are appropriately associated with one another*



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### (3) Simple Property Assertion

- *A particular Data-Item-Value in a particular (Id)Entity Record is appropriately associated with, and reliably represents, a particular Property of a particular Thing*

'This gem is a diamond and weighs 1 carat'

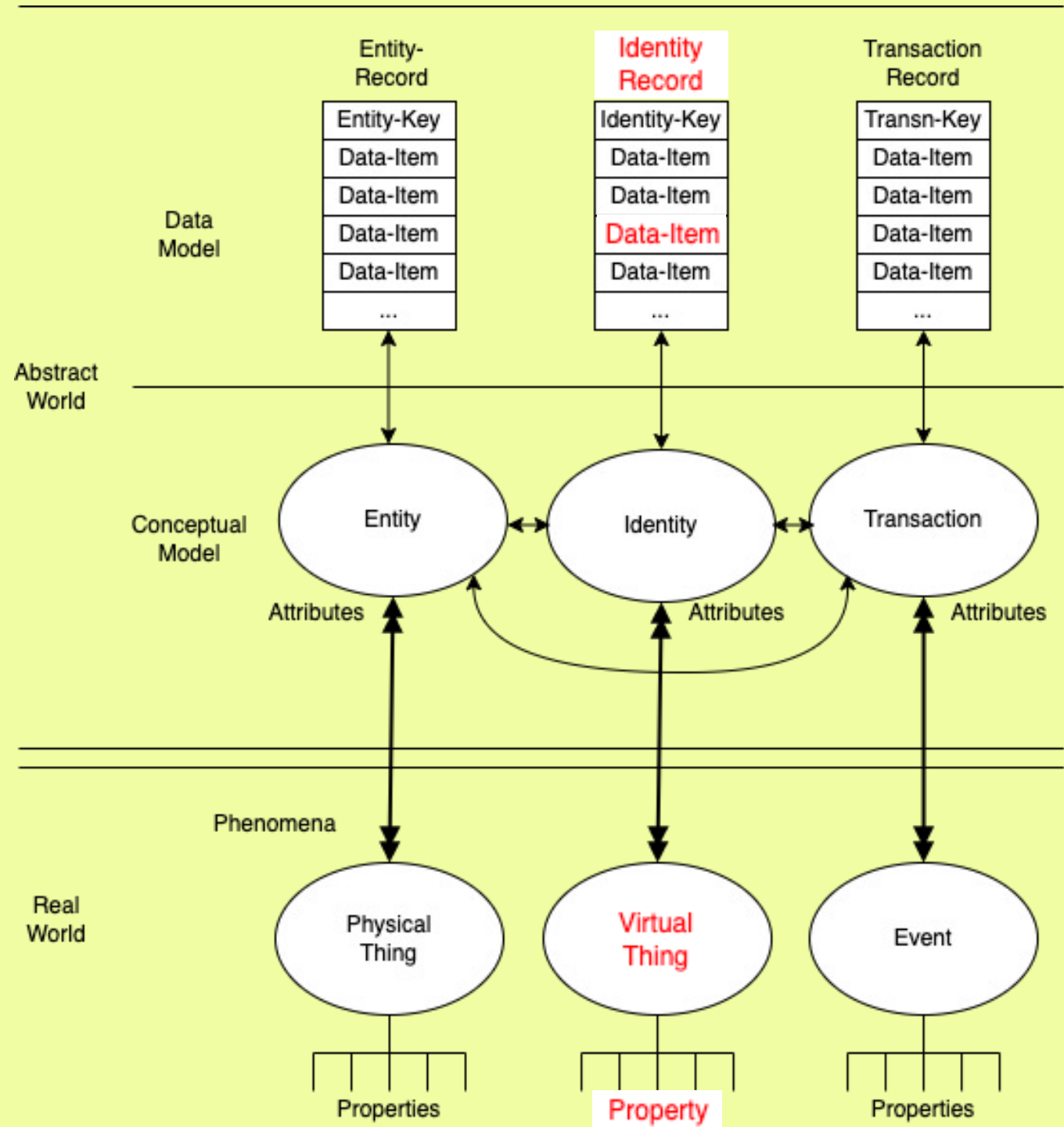
'We have 13 widgets because the inventory system says we have'

'This customer is a frequent-buyer who gets a loyalty discount'

'This person is old enough to enter the night club'

*'This person has a degree from XYZ University'*

*A particular **Data-Item-Value** in a particular (Id)Entity Record is appropriately associated with, and reliably represents, a particular **Property** of a particular Thing*



## (4) Complex Property Assertion

- *A particular Thing is inferred to have a particular Property, on the basis of multiple particular Data-Item-Values in one or more particular (Id)Entity Records, and on the assumption that those Data-Item-Values are appropriately associated with that Thing and reliably represent that Property*

'This borrower is behind on their loan repayments'

*'This welfare recipient has been overpaid because they understated their income'*

## (5) Principal-Agent Assertion

- *A particular Thing has a particular Property, based on one or more particular Data-Item-Values in one or more particular (Id)Entity Records, which are appropriately associated with that Thing and which reliably convey that the particular Thing has the authority to act on behalf of another particular Thing*

*'This human/legal-person/software-agent is the approved representative of this customer/client/defendant'*

## (6) Monetary-Asset Value Assertion

- *A particular Thing is inferred to have a particular (economic) value, on the basis of its Properties and/or one or more Data-Item-Values in one or more particular (Id)Entity Records, and the assumption that those Data-Item-Values are appropriately associated with that Thing and reliably represent particular Properties*  
'This banknote is legal tender'  
'Our bank has confirmed deposit of the funds into our account'  
*'The shares you just bought are what you think they are'*  
*'It says my blockchain wallet has received digital currency'*

## (6) Monetary-Asset Value Assertion

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'This banknote is legal tender'  
'Our bank has confirmed deposit of the funds into our account'  
*'The shares you just bought are what you think they are'*  
'It says my blockchain wallet has received digital currency'
- *Authenticate the Value but don't record (or even collect) parties' (Id)Entifiers without good reasons to do so*

## (7) Non-Monetary-Asset Value Assertion

- *A particular Thing is inferred to have a particular (economic) value, on the basis of its Properties and/or one or more Data-Item-Values in one or more particular (Id)Entity Records, and the assumption that those Data-Item-Values are appropriately associated with that Thing and reliably represent particular Properties*

**'This** consumer-durable / livestock / ticket / motor vehicle / collectible / real estate / **parcel of** shares / **loans** / insurance

...

**is worth the value that I / others place on it / attribute to it'**

## (8) Content Integrity Assertion

- *A Real World Thing is reliably represented by an Abstract World Entity-Instance-Attribute-Value or an Entity-Record-Data-Item-Value*

Mere Syntactics:

'The number of Widgets Class A that we have in stock is 37, as recorded in the Current-Stock-Count Data-Item in the stock file'

'The message I've received is identical to that which was sent'

Semantics:

**'The text in the message means what I think it means**

**'The audio / image / video in the message is authentic'**



# Implications for IS Practice and Theory

- The Pragmatic Metatheoretic Model suggests that several changes in approach are needed in IS thinking
- Authentication is about the reliability of Assertions
- **A broadened Authentication notion encourages focus on Assertions that are relevant to purpose, and whose reliability can be effectively and efficiently assessed**
- Property Assertions and Value-Assertions are in many cases more important, easier, cheaper and less intrusive to assess than (Id)Entity Assertions
- Contingency theories are needed that show when each category of Assertions needs to be prioritised
- **The scope of IS needs to be extended to Assertions of Fact, in text, audio, image and video, and the Authentication of their semantic content integrity**

# The Authentication of Identity Assertions

## Agenda

- Motivation
- A Pragmatic Metatheoretic Model to support IS practice and relevant research
- The Theory of Assertion Authentication
- The Rich Set of Assertion Categories
- Authentication Processes
- Implications for IS Practice and Theory

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