### COMP 3410 – I.T. in Electronic Commerce

### eTrading 1. Markets

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http://www.rogerclarke.com/EC/... {ETIntro.html#L1, OhdsET1.ppt}

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### **eTrading**

### The transfer of tradable items

from entities that have them to entities that want them with the support of telecomms-based tools

What about buying and selling? And money?

### **COMP 3410** The eTrading Segment

- 1. Markets
- Technologies Underlying eTrading
- 3. Electronic Payments
- 4. eTrading in Digital Objects
- 5. Alternative Architectures
- 6. Carbon Trading



Market

A mechanism for the transfer of tradable items, from entities that have them, to entities that want them

### Marketplace

A physical location and associated processes

### Marketspace

A virtual context in which entities discover one another and transact business



### **Market Participants**



Seller S Marketspace Operator MSO

Buyer B

**Business Processes** 

Infrastructure

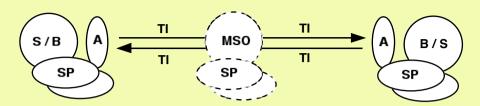
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### **Market Participants**



Sellers/Buyers **Tradable Items** Buyers/Sellers Marketspace Operator Agents A Agents A Service Providers SP

> **Business Processes** Infrastructure

### **Market Phases**

- Discovery
  - Tradable Item
  - Other Party
- Negotiation
  - Price
  - Terms
- **Contract Formation**
- **Delivery / Performance / Settlement**

### **Market Phases**

- Pre-Qualification
  - Discovery
    - Tradable Item
    - Other Party
  - Negotiation
    - Price
    - Terms
  - Contract Formation
  - Delivery / Performance / Settlement
- Accounting for Successive Usages
- **Enforcement and Recourse**





### **Categories of Tradable Items**

 Goods cf. Services Deliver cf. Perform **Categories of Tradable Items** 

 Goods cf. Services Deliver cf. Perform

• Physical cf. Digital Atoms cf. Bits





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**Categories of Tradable Items** 

 Goods cf. Services Deliver cf. Perform

• Physical cf. Digital Atoms cf. Bits

• Degree of Productisation

 Custom-Built Architect-Designed, Tailor-Made

 Commoditised Shares, Anthracite, Carbon Credits

### **Categories of Tradable Items**

 Goods cf. Services Deliver of Perform

• Physical cf. Digital Atoms cf. Bits

• Degree of Productisation

• Custom-Built Architect-Designed, Tailor-Made

 Customised Installed Package Software

 Productised Car Parts and Accessories

 Commoditised Shares, Anthracite, Carbon Credits





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### **Price-Setting Mechanisms**

- Price Pre-Set by the Seller:
  - Shop Point-of-Sale
  - Catalogue-Sale





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- Mechanism Driven by the Seller:
  - Open Auctions
- Mechanism Driven by the **Buyer**:
  - RFQ / RFT / EOI-RFP
  - 'Reverse Auction'

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- Price Pre-Set by the **Buyer**:
  - 'Wanted to Buy' Notices



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- Mechanism Driven by the **Buyer**:
  - RFQ / RFT / EOI-RFP
  - 'Reverse Auction'
- Price Pre-Set by the Buyer:
  - 'Wanted to Buy' Notices
- Balanced Negotiation Process



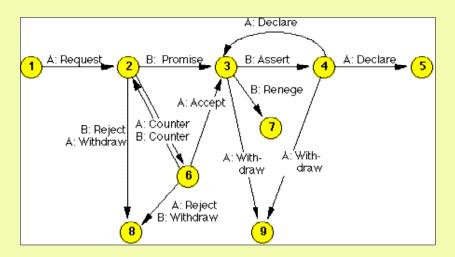


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### **Negotiation**

e.g. Speech Acts Theory



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Winograd T. & Flores F. (1986) 'Understanding computers and cognition' Ablex, 1986

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### What Marketspace Operators Offer

- Mutual Discovery of opportunities to trade
- 'Fungibility' i.e. exchangeability of traded items
- Market Depth numbers of buyers, and of sellers
- Market Reach geographical extent of participation

### Risks in Marketspaces

- Default by:
  - Seller
  - Buyer
  - Agent
  - Service-Provider
  - Marketspace Operator
- Quality of:
  - Tradable Item
  - **Fulfilment**



### Categories of Buyer-Seller Relationships

- **B2C**: sale by a Business to a 'Consumer'
- C2C: sale by a 'Consumer' to a 'Consumer'





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# Categories of Buyer-Seller Relationships

- **B2C**: sale by a Business to a 'Consumer'
- C2C: sale by a 'Consumer' to a 'Consumer'
- **B2B**: sale by a Business to another Business
  - for consumption
  - as a factor of production
  - as capital goods / fixed asset

**Business Enterprise Categories:** 

μ, SE, ME, LE, conglomerate, multinational



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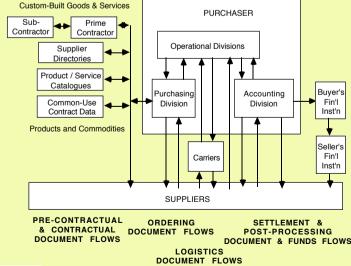
**Business Enterprise Categories:** 

μ, SE, ME, LE, conglomerate, multinational

• **B2G**: sale by a Business to a Government agency



### **Deliberative Procurement Process**



### **Spontaneous Procurement Process**



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Organisational Information

System



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Inter- and Multi-**Organisational Systems** 

Organisational Organisational Information Information System System Copyright XAMAX

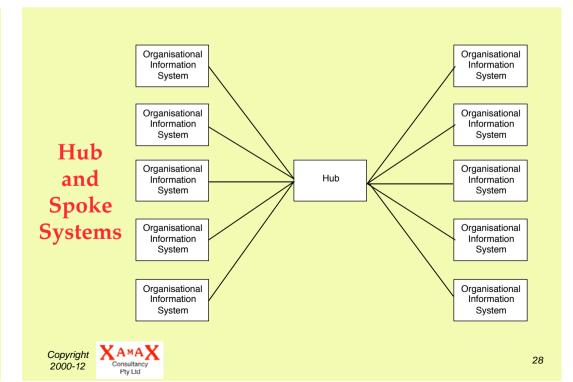
Organisational

Information

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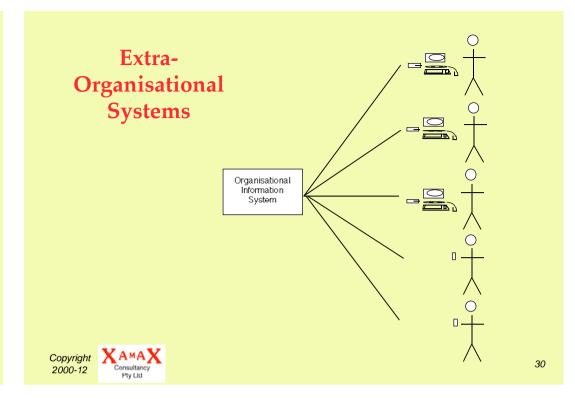
### **Categories of Buyer-Seller Topology**

- Inter-Organisational Systems (1-to-1)
- Multi-Organisational Systems:
  - networking (m-to-n) systems
  - hub-and-spoke (1-to-n) systems
  - cascading (1-to-1-to-1) systems
- Extra-Organisational Systems
- **Brokered Systems** ( (1-to-1)-to-(1-to-1) )



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# Cascading Systems Material Manufacturer Clothing Manufacturer Wholesaler Retailer



# **Categories of Commercial Arrangements**What's Exchanged?

From Party AFrom Party BCategoryTradable ItemMoneySale

# Categories of Commercial Arrangements What's Exchanged?

From Party A
 Tradable Item
 Tradable Item
 Tradable Item
 Tradable Item

Gategory
Sale
• Tradable Item
Barter



### **Categories of Commercial Arrangements** What's Exchanged?

From Party A From Party B Category Tradable Item Sale Money Tradable Item Tradable Item **Barter** 

Money Cambio Money





### **Categories of Commercial Arrangements** What's Exchanged?

	From Party A	From Party B	<u>Category</u>
•	Tradable Item	Money	Sale

Tradable Item Tradable Item Barter

Money Money Cambio

Tradable Items Bulk Money **Subscriptions** incl. pre-paid, period / site licence

Money Promise of Money Lending

Ads, Vanity Press **Sponsorship** Exposure

Public Services? Freeware?

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### **Categories of Commercial Arrangements**

What's Exchanged?

From Party A From Party B **Category** Tradable Item Sale Money Tradable Item Tradable Item Barter Money **Cambio** Money Tradable Items **Bulk Money Subscriptions** incl. pre-paid, period / site licence

Promise of Money

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Money

**Direct Exchange Markets** 

**Exchange of Value** Direct **Immediate** Reciprocal

'horse-trading'

Lending



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### **Direct Exchange Markets, Other Markets**

• Exchange of Value Direct **Immediate** Reciprocal 'horse-trading'

**One-Sided Transfer, Without Compensation** donation, the 'gift economy'

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# • Exchange of Value Direct

'horse-trading'

**Immediate** Reciprocal

• One-Sided Transfer, Without Compensation donation, the 'gift economy'

**Direct Exchange Markets, Other Markets** 

 Reciprocity, BUT Indirect and/or Deferred 'barn-raising', 'cooking pot', 'honey-pot' 'shareware', 'open source software'



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### **Auction Process A Definition**

A particular kind of trading process where price is the key factor to be negotiated and offers are simple, stating price, perhaps quantity

Auctions are particularly applicable to commodities (i.e. undifferentiated goods and services)

### 'An English Auction'

- The Auctioneer identifies the 'Lot'
- The Auctioneer seeks an Opening Bid
- Bidders successively make higher Bids
- The Auctioneer stimulates more Bids
- The Auctioneer warns that time is expiring
- The Auctioneer 'knocks down' to the last Bidder





### **Common Categories of Auction**

- **English Auction** (price runs up, last bid wins, excitement is built in to help the organiser, may be subject to a 'reserve price')
- **Dutch Auction** (price runs down, first bid wins, forces a motivated buyer to bid early and high)
- Sealed Bid Auction (bids non-visible. time-limited, competition helps the organiser)
- Clearinghouse Auction / Exchange (both sellers and buyers submit offers, offers are 'matched', may be continuous or periodic)





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# **E-Trading Markets**

### Agenda

- 1. e-Trading, Markets, Marketspaces
- 2. Tradable Items
- 3. Trading Partner Relationships
- 4. Processes
  - Deliberative Procurement
  - Spontaneous Purchasing
- 5. Trading Partner Topologies
- 6. Auctions

## **Clearinghouse Auction / Exchange Special Challenges**

- Trading Volumes can be substantial e.g. shares, derivatives, forex
- Volatile Prices, which attract 'day traders' and 'arbitrage dealers', which increases 'market depth', but also further increases volatility
- Matching needs to be performed fairly, e.g. priority based on price, then time of receipt
- Price-Based Matching is not enough because offers to buy and to sell, whose prices match, may not be for quantities that match



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