

# A Comprehensive Framework for Privacy Regulatory Regimes

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<http://rogerclarke.com/DV/RMPP.html> (Text)

<http://rogerclarke.com/DV/RMPP.pdf> (Slides)

**14th Computers, Privacy and Data Protection Conference  
CPDP'21 – Brussels – 27-29 January 2021**

**Theme: 'Enforcing Rights in a Changing World'**

# A Comprehensive **Framework** for Privacy Regulatory Regimes

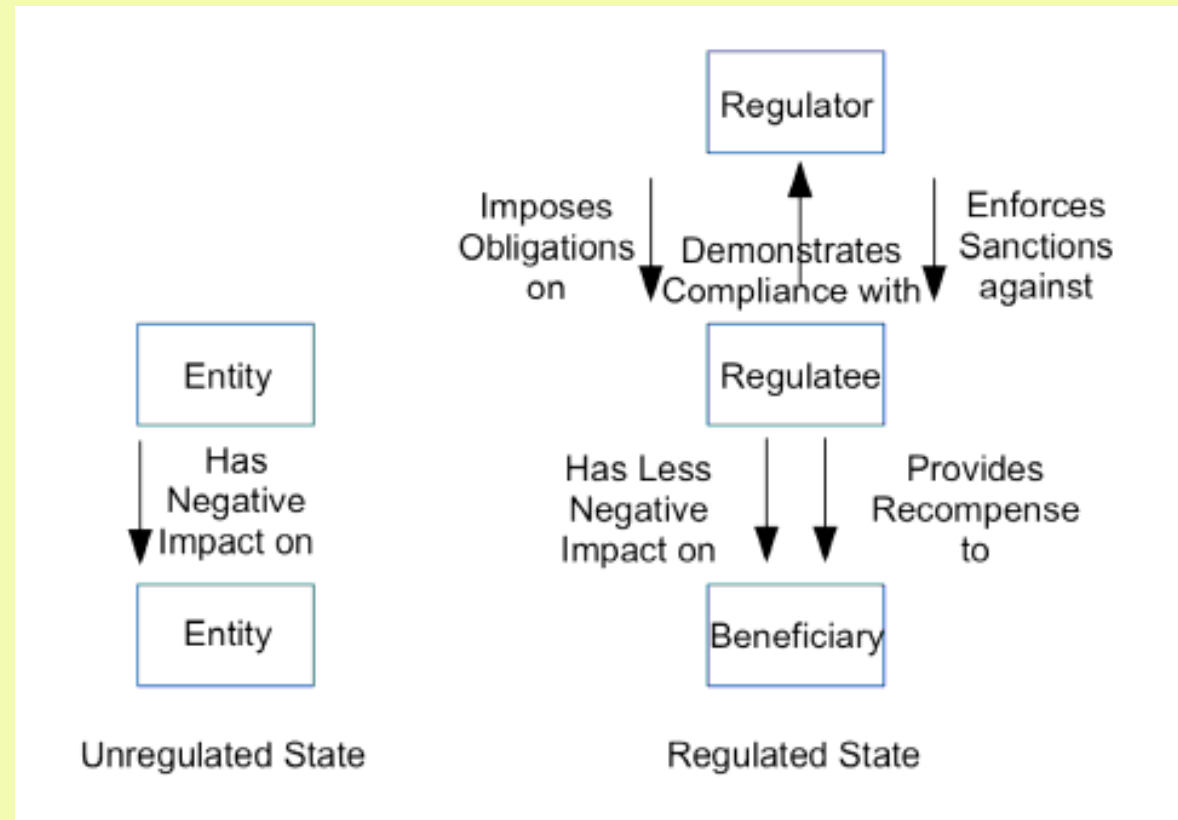
- A structure for Themes and Issues in past and particularly future research
- Common Features:
  - Descriptions of concepts
  - Arrangements of key elements (often within a two- or three-dimensional matrix of ideas)
  - Descriptions of processes

# A Comprehensive Framework for Privacy **Regulatory** Regimes

- Biology
- General Systems Theory
- Industrial Control
- Cybernetics

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- Socio-Economic Law and Policy



# Dimensions of Regulatory Contexts

- **Cultures** (sub-dimensions: ethnic, lingual, religious, philosophical)
- **Systems of Law** (code, common law)
- **Divisions of Law**  
(private, public; criminal, commercial)
- **Jurisdictional Structures**  
(international; supra-national; national, incl. single-, dual-level)
- **Industry Sectors** (categories of goods and services, and associated threats)

# Evaluation Criteria for a Regulatory Regime

## Process

- Clarity of Aims and Requirements
- Justification
- Proportionality
- Transparency
- Reflection of Stakeholder Interests
- Participation

## Product

- Comprehensiveness
- Coherence, Comprehensibility, Compatibility
- Articulation
- Efficiency
- Flexibility, Adaptability

## Outcomes

- Effectiveness
- Oversight
- Enforceability
- Enforcement
- Review

# Regulatory Mechanisms

- **Factors that influence the behaviour of entities** towards policy objectives, in particular by **stimulating** appropriate behaviours, and **detering, preventing, sanctioning** harmful ones
- Mechanisms may be:
  - **Natural Processes**
  - **Instruments / Measures / Artefacts:**
    - with extraneous purposes
    - with a regulatory purpose

**Proposition:**  
**A Hierarchy  
of Regulatory  
Mechanisms**



Formalism  
Compulsion



# Natural Regulation

Intrinsic to the relevant socio-economic system

Competitive Behaviour  
Reputational Effects  
Cost/Benefit Trade-Offs

‘Leave well alone’  
‘If it ain’t bust, don’t fix it’



## Infrastructural Regulation

The mechanical steam governor:  
Reinforce positive aspects  
Inhibit negative aspects

Automated ...  
Monitoring  
Exception condition detection  
Adjustment of parameters  
Deployment of countermeasures  
Suspension of activities

Byproduct, Retro-fitted on,  
or Architected in



## Infrastructural Regulation Examples

Dam sluice-gates  
that automatically adjust  
to water-level, water-flows  
and precipitation events

Lessig's 'West Coast Code' –  
computer and network architecture,  
standards and protocols

'The {Extended} Laws of Robotics'  
<http://rogerclarke.com> ...  
... /SOS/Asimov.html#LawsExt



## Self-Regulation

- Codes of Ethics, Codes of Practice
- Meta-Brands
- Complaint Schemes
  
- Customer Charters
- Ethics Statements
- Corp. Soc. {& Env'l} Responsibility Statements



# A View of Self-Regulation



Wolves herd sheep  
not for the benefit of the sheep  
but for the benefit of the wolves

## Meta-Regulation

Govt-regulated  
industry self-reguln

## Co-Regulation

- Statutory basis
- **Institutionalised negotiation process**
- **All stakeholders in**
- Actual enforcement

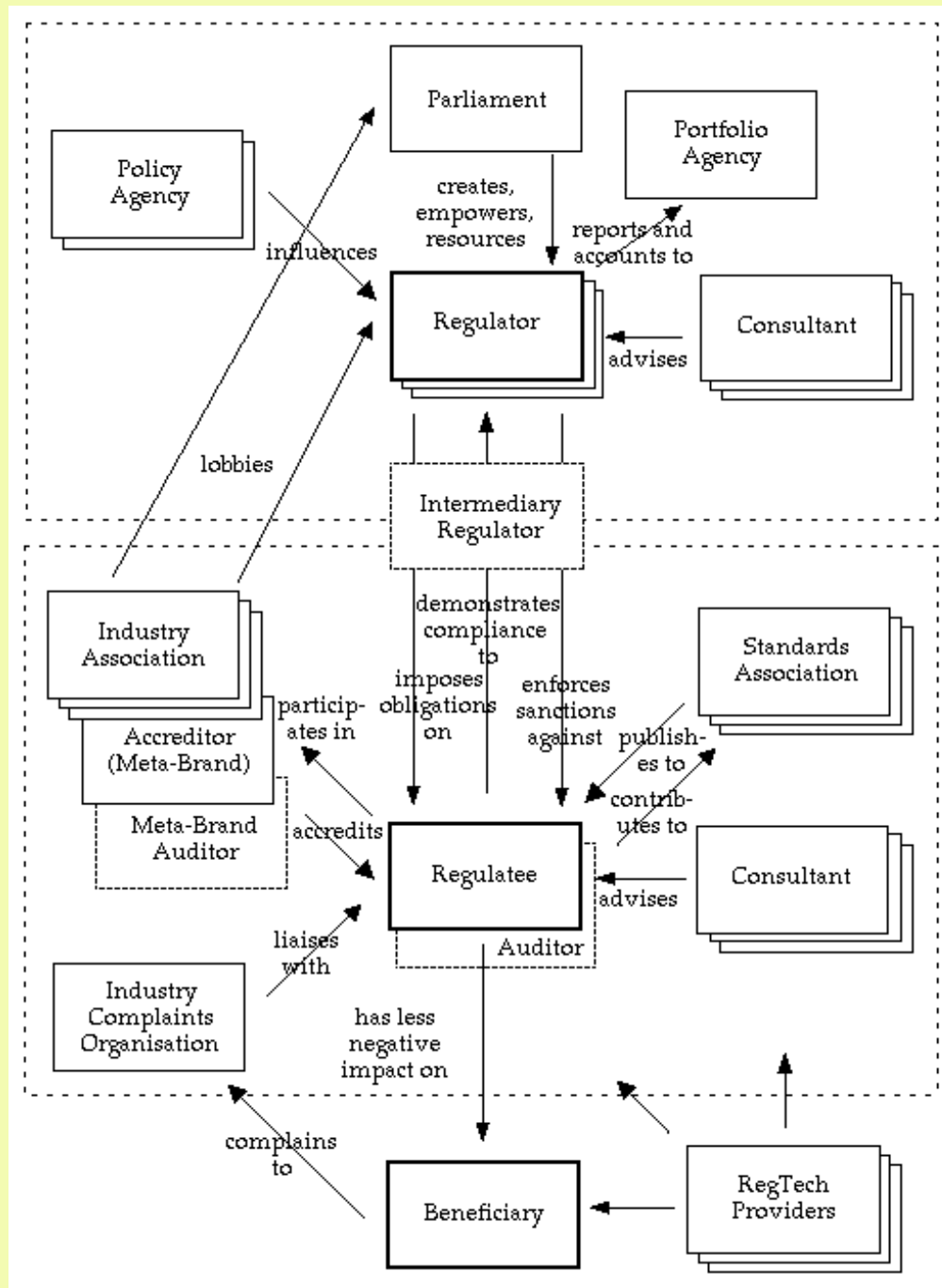


# Principles for Responsible AI

## 10 Themes / 50 Principles

- 1 Assess Positive and Negative Impacts and Implications
- 2 Complement Humans
- 3 Ensure Human Control
- 4 Ensure Human Safety and Wellbeing
- 5 Ensure Consistency with Human Values and Human Rights
- 6 Deliver Transparency and Auditability
- 7 Embed Quality Assurance
- 8 Exhibit Robustness and Resilience
- 9 Ensure Accountability for Obligations
- 10 Enforce, and Accept Enforcement of, Liabilities and Sanctions

# Players in Regulatory Schemes





# Applications to Privacy Protection

- **Adversarial – Constructive Tension**
  - Exercise of Organisational Power  
e.g. imposed Terms, surveillance PITs
  - Exercise of (Weaker) People-Power  
e.g. lies, complaints, lawsuits, PETs

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